PUBLICATION NR. F13-3611-1710



HEADQUARTERS, DEPARTMENT OF FUCK AROUND & FIND OUT

BECKWITH COVERT USER MANUAL

BATCH 003/004 - SEP. 2024

FISHER BLADES: BECKWITH/COVERT USER MANUAL

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DISCLAIMER:

This manual is for reference only and not intended as instruction for edged weapon self defense. We strongly urge users to **seek professional training to learn more and understand better.**

KNOW YOUR LOCAL KNIFE AND SELF-DEFENSE LAWS.

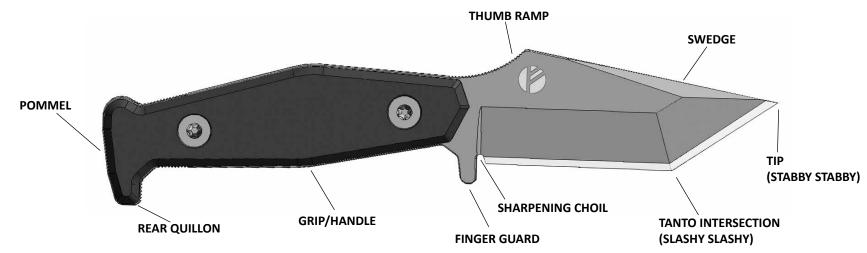


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SPECIFICATIONS (knife only)

Steel: AEB-L stainless, 60-62 HRC Blade shape/edge grind: Modern tanto/25^o edge bevel Blade finish: Cerakote Blade thickness: 0.125" Overall thickness: 0.5" Scales: 0.125" G-10, + G-10 liners Blade length: 3" Overall length: 7" Weight: 3.5 oz. (knife only) 4.5 oz (knife+sheath)

MADE IN THE USA

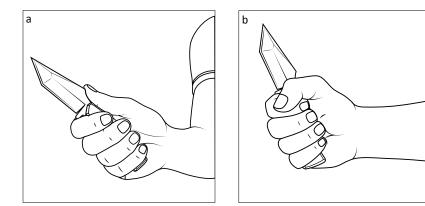
The Beckwith Covert is made entirely in the USA, with USA-made scales, fasteners and sheath, and raw blade steel from Germany. **Nothing from China.**

BECKWITH COVERT: INTENDED PURPOSE

The Beckwith Covert is a USA-made sub-compact fixed blade designed expressly for defensive daily carry. It's slim, discreet-carry low profile and modern tanto blade with aggressive thumb ramp make it excel at both deep-cut power-slashing as well as stabbing. The positive rear quillon provides indexed, reliable and fast draw. It comes with a USA made Kydex[®] sheath for front pocket carry.

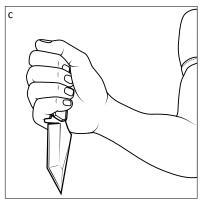
TRIBUTE

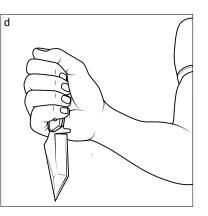
The Beckwith Covert is named after Colonel Charlie Beckwith, founder of US Delta Force.

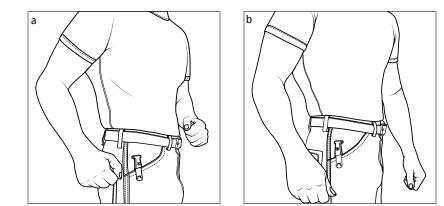


BLADE GRIPS: Training, preference and circumstances will determine which grip you use.a. SABER GRIP: provides excellent blade dexterity and penetration. Best used after extensive training.b. HAMMER GRIP: monkey-brain simplicity and reliability!

c. REVERSE EDGE-OUT GRIP: more monkey-brain simplicty/reliablity. Excellent extension cutting. d. REVERSE EDGE-IN GRIP: more monkey-brain simplicty/reliablity. Excellent pull-cutting.



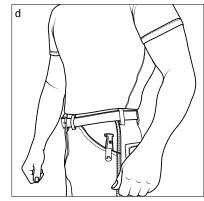




BLADE CARRY: Consider carefully how you carry your blade. Is the blade your primary or secondary tool? Which grip do you prefer? These questions drive your decision of carry location. a. Right-hand draw to saber/hammer/reverse-in grip, AND left-hand cross draw to reverse-out grip.

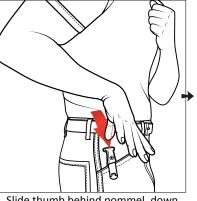
b. Right-hand reverse-out draw, AND left-hand cross draw to reverse-in grip.

c. Left-hand draw to saber/hammer/reverse-in grip, AND right-hand cross draw to reverse-out grip.d. Left-hand reverse-out draw, OR right-hand cross draw to reverse-in grip.

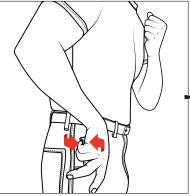


SAME-SIDE SABER/HAMMER GRIP DRAW/DEPLOY:

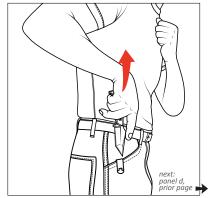
Shown on this spread is the method for same-side (right-handed illustrated here) saber/hammer grip draw and some very basic deploy examples. **Seek professional training to learn more and understand better.**



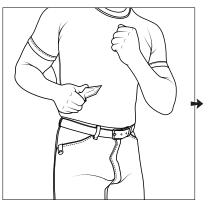
a. Slide thumb behind pommel, down knife handle to start of sheath.



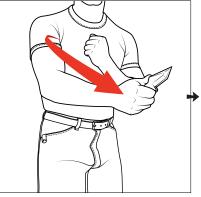
b. Grip beneath pommel with small and ring fingers under rear quillon, and thumb.



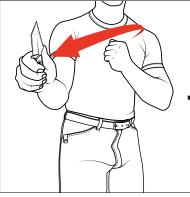
c. Pull blade straight up until blade tip clears pocket hem.



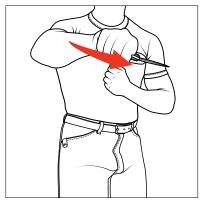
d. Ready/guard position.



e. Deep-cut power-slash.



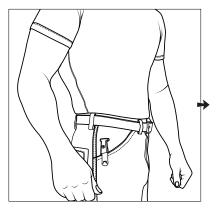
f. Reverse deep-cut power-slash.



g. Stab/thrust.

SAME-SIDE REVERSE GRIP DRAW/ DEPLOY:

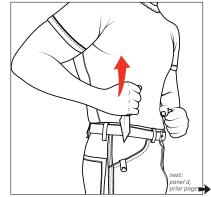
This spread demonstrates sameside (right-handed illustrated here) reverse-grip draw. If carrying blade with rear quillon facing the rear, this same draw technique will get you to reverse-grip edge-in. Seek professional training to learn more and understand better.



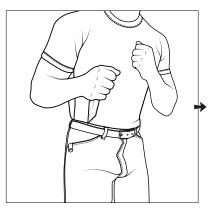
a. Note: blade rear quillon faces forward (for edge-out reverse grip).



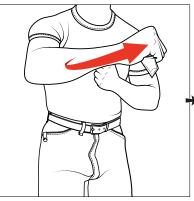
b. Grip pommel with thumb and index finger, with index finger under rear quillon.



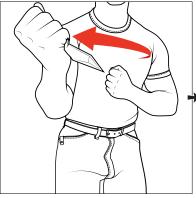
c. Pull blade straight up until blade tip clears pocket hem.



d. Ready/guard position.



e. Basic deep-cut power-slash.



f. Reverse deep-cut power-slash.



g. Stab/thrust.

BLADE DEPLOYMENT CONSIDERATIONS

POWER-SLASHING/STABBING

Some moments call for deep-cut power-slashing, some for stabbing. Deep-cut power-slashing can produce dramatic results, while stabbing can sometimes be a better option, when for example, heavy clothing is present. Each is legitimate and has their proper applications. The Beckwith Covert's modified tanto blade design is ideal for both. **Seek professional training to learn more and understand better.**

USE OF FORCE

Deploying a blade in conflict is serious business and should only be done for legitimate legal self-defense and only as a last resort. **Seek professional training to learn more and understand better.**

ADDITIONAL RESOURCES

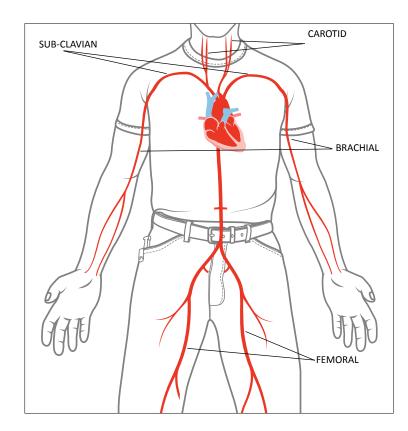
There are a ton of resources out there on this skill-set, as well as the overall and foundational skills around understanding violence, violent offenders, situational awareness, and use of force. In addition to **seeking professional training to learn more and understand better,** check out the following:

Books

<u>Meditations on Violence</u> by Rory Miller <u>The Gift of Fear</u>, by Gavin de Becker <u>Left of Bang</u>, by Patrick Van Horne & Jason Riley <u>Strong on Defense</u> by Sanford Strong

YouTube/Videos

<u>Surviving Edged Weapons</u> (why this cheeseball video? email us to find out!) https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=c4ZpyKSmgdE&t=1201s



INTERESTING FACT

Severed arteries in the above-indicated locations can result in unconsciousness within 15-30 seconds, and death within 90-120 seconds.

BLADE CARE

A knife is a tool -- it is important to maintain the knife as you would any other tool.

While your Beckwith Covert is made of AEB-L stainless steel which needs less maintenance than carbon steels, the following should be followed for any blade steel for longevity of the knife.

1. Never store a knife wet.

2. After your knife gets dirty, rinse in fresh water and scrub with a soft bristle brush (like an old toothbrush) and mild soapy water. Rinse and towel dry.

3. For deep cleaning, remove the scales and liners and brush with mild soapy water. Rinse with fresh water and towel dry the blade, scales and liners, leave out until completely dry. Reinstall liners and scales and your knife will be ready for action.

EDGE MAINTENANCE/SHARPENING

Ask ten knife nuts how to sharpen and maintain an edge and you'll likely get ten different answers. The space available here is insufficient to go deeply or even superficially into the subject. We have a series of videos on our YouTube channel (www.youtube.com/@fisherblades), and if you really want to go deep, check out scienceofsharp.com.

Overall, edge maintenance starts with what NOT to do with your knife. DO NOT use your knife as a screwdriver, pry bar, chisel or punch. DO NOT throw your knife or use it to open a rusted-shut ammo can. DO NOT use it to cut steel cable or to flatten tires of your enemies (unless no other option available).

Sharpening a knife isn't as complicated as brain surgery, nor is it as simple as taking out the trash. but its closer to brain surgery than walking trashbags out to the curb. There are a ton of commercially available systems for sharpening out there. Some good, some hokey. We have always admired and respected what WorkSharp (worksharptools.com) offers. They are incredibly knowledgable about the subject and make a wide variety of sharpening products.

SEE FISHERBLADES.COM FOR WARRANTY INFORMATION.

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